



San Francisco Monthly STD Report

Data for October, 2013
Report prepared November 25, 2013

Table 1. STDs among residents, October, 2013.

	2013		2012	
	month	YTD	month	YTD
Gonorrhea	274	2,117	244	2,125
Male rectal gonorrhea	91	685	68	662
Chlamydia	477	4,258	402	4,039
Male rectal chlamydia	115	995	70	893
Syphilis (adult total)	94	994	90	886
Primary & secondary	33	426	44	430
Early latent	47	433	32	324
Unknown latent	0	1	0	1
Late latent	14	134	14	131
Neurosyphilis	0	4	0	5
Congenital syphilis	0	0	0	0
PID	13	71	6	95

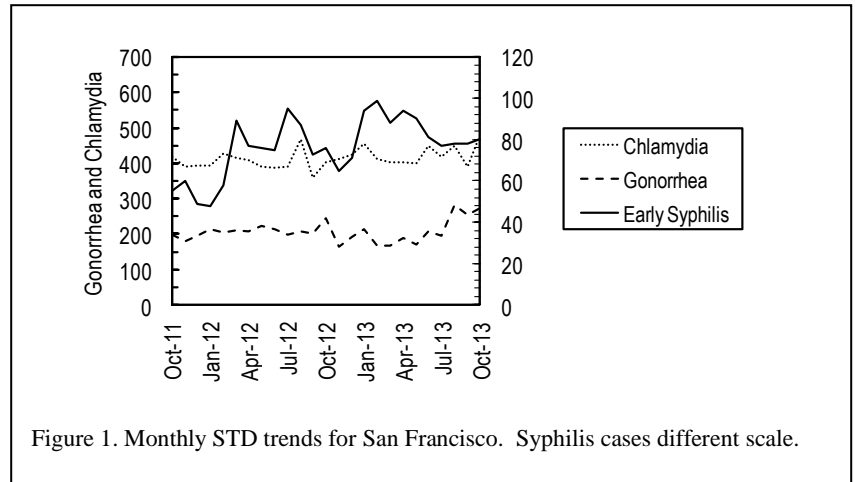


Figure 1. Monthly STD trends for San Francisco. Syphilis cases different scale.

Table 2. Selected STD cases and rates for San Francisco by age and race/ethnicity, 2013 through October only. Rates equal cases per 100,000 residents per year based on 2000 US Census data.

	(All races)		Asian/PI		African American		Hispanic		White	
	cases	rate	cases	rate	cases	rate	cases	rate	cases	rate
<i>All ages</i>										
Chlamydia	4,258	657.8	583	277.2	654	1,224.9	623	682.7	1,412	500.0
Gonorrhea	2,117	327.1	190	90.3	233	436.4	322	352.9	1,145	405.4
Early syphilis	859	132.7	65	30.9	80	149.8	178	195.1	491	173.9
<i>Under 20 yrs</i>										
Chlamydia	428	999.8	40	220.3	182	3,317.0	63	682.4	42	454.3
Gonorrhea	68	158.8	2	11.0	39	710.8	4	43.3	14	151.4
Early syphilis	2	4.7	0	0.0	1	18.2	1	10.8	0	0.0

Table 3. HIV testing among City Clinic patients, October, 2013.

	2013		2012	
	month	YTD	month	YTD
Tests	564	5,630	490	4,365
Antibody positive	5	53	4	63
Acute HIV infection	1	21	1	19

Note: All statistics are provisional until the annual report is released for the year. Morbidity is based on date of diagnosis. Totals for past months may change due to delays in reporting from labs and providers.

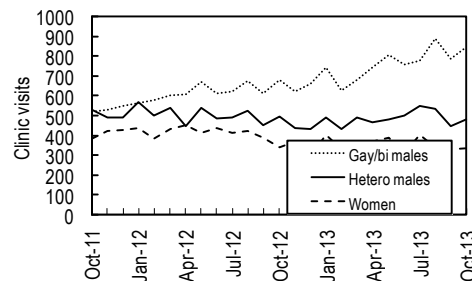


Figure 2. City Clinic visits by gender and orientation.

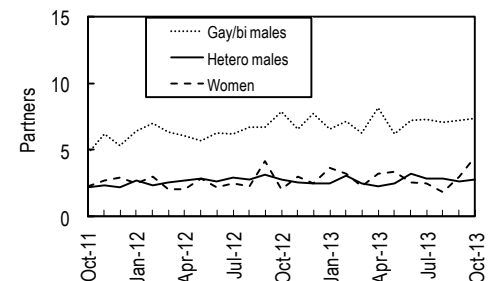


Figure 3. Average number of recent* sex partners for City Clinic visits by gender and sexual orientation. *Recall period is 3 months.

Now Available: MSM and Adolescent Health Annual Summary Supplements, San Francisco 2012

STD Prevention and Control Services released its 2012 annual summary supplements for men who have sex with men (MSM) and adolescents. Rates of early syphilis, gonorrhea and chlamydia continue to increase among MSM were 117, 9, and 27 times higher than heterosexual males for respective infections. Case count increases were most apparent among white MSM for all three infections.

Among adolescents (defined as persons under the age of 26), chlamydia rates increased compared to 2011 while gonorrhea rates declined compared to 2011. Rates of both chlamydia and gonorrhea declined among adolescent African Americans. Additionally, increases in adolescent gonorrhea appear to be driven by young MSM while gonorrhea among female and heterosexual women declined.

The STD Section continues to prioritize activities directed toward STD prevention in the highest risk populations in San Francisco, adolescents and men who have sex with men. The 2012 annual summary supplements are available at <http://www.sfcityclinic.org/providers/#Surveillance>. 55