DECLARATION OF LOCAL HEALTH EMERGENCY
REGARDING NOVEL CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19)

WHEREAS, Section 101080 of the California Health and Safety Code authorizes the local health officer to declare a local health emergency in the health officer’s jurisdiction whenever the health officer reasonably determines that there is an imminent and proximate threat to the public health due to the introduction of any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease;

WHEREAS, On February 25, 2020, London N. Breed, Mayor of San Francisco, issued the Proclamation by the Mayor Declaring the Existence of a Local Emergency (the “Mayor’s Local Emergency Declaration”) under Sections 8550 et seq. of the Government Code, Section 3.100(13) of the San Francisco Charter, and Chapter 7 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, establishing the existence of an emergency within the City and County of San Francisco due to the ongoing spread of a novel coronavirus discovered in Wuhan City, Hubei Province, China in December 2019 (also referred to as Coronavirus Disease 2019 or “COVID-19”); and

WHEREAS, On March 3, 2020, the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco passed a motion concurring in the Mayor’s Local Emergency Declaration and in the actions taken by the Mayor to meet the emergency; and

WHEREAS, On March 4, 2020, Gavin Newsom, Governor of California, issued the Proclamation of a State of Emergency under Section 8625 of the California Government Code and the California Emergency Services Act, establishing the existence of a state of emergency throughout California due to COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, On March 5, 2020, the Mayor’s Office and the San Francisco Department of Public Health announced that two individuals in San Francisco had contracted COVID-19 without any known avenue of transmission, suggesting the contagion was community-acquired by the individuals and that the virus is circulating in the Bay Area; and

WHEREAS, The Health Officer of the City and County of San Francisco (the “Health Officer”) finds that based on the facts and circumstances described below there is an imminent and proximate threat to public health from the introduction of COVID-19 in the City and County of San Francisco:

The United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (“CDC”) and the World Health Organization (“W.H.O.”) consider COVID-19 to be a very serious public health threat based on current information. In part, the virus is considered a public health threat because much remains unknown. The exact modes of transmission, the factors facilitating human-to-human transmission, the extent of asymptomatic viral shedding, the groups most at risk of serious illness, the attack rate, and the case fatality rate all remain active areas of investigation and are only partially characterized at this time. The best information to date suggests that the virus is spread between people primarily via respiratory droplets produced when an infected person coughs or sneezes. Symptoms of the virus include fever, cough, and shortness of breath, and infected individuals have
experienced a range of outcomes, from mild sickness to severe illness and death. The CDC believes at this time that symptoms appear two to fourteen days after exposure. Currently, there is no vaccine or specific antiviral treatment for COVID-19.

The number of reported cases of COVID-19 has escalated dramatically over a short period of time. To date, there are approximately 101,917 confirmed cases of COVID-19 and over 3,488 deaths from COVID-19 globally, including 83 cases and 1 death in California. A substantial number of cases and deaths has also occurred in Washington State. Cases have now occurred across the globe, including across the United States and dozens of nations. Cases now include individuals who never visited China, where the disease appears to have originated. The virus is highly transmissible even with mild illness, and sometimes without symptoms. And the W.H.O. has declared the outbreak to be a global health emergency.

Actions are being taken to protect public health and limit the spread of COVID-19 in the United States and around the world. However, it appears that this disease has become an epidemic and will continue to spread through communities including the Bay Area. Due to the fact that the disease has a serious adverse impact on and high fatality rate for certain vulnerable groups, including individuals 60 years old or older, those with diseases of the immune system, and those with diabetes, lung disease, heart disease, and kidney disease, COVID-19 poses a serious risk to tens of thousands of persons in the Bay Area and San Francisco.

Additionally, since February 2020, a nursing home in the Seattle, Washington area has not only had confirmed cases of COVID-19 amongst its residents, but multiple residents at that facility have died as a result of that infection, further supporting the scientific evidence that the elderly and those with co-morbidities face an unusually high risk of death from this disease. San Francisco has many similar facilities, including Laguna Honda Hospital and Rehabilitation Center, a long term care unit at Zuckerberg San Francisco General Hospital, and other skilled nursing facilities.

Given the potential impact on these high-risk populations, it is imperative that all appropriate steps be taken to slow down and reduce the rate of community-acquired transmission of COVID-19, including implementation of mitigation measures and other steps authorized to be taken by the Health Officer under Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 101 of the California Health and Safety Code, Chapter 3 of Part 1 of Division 105 of the California Health and Safety Code, and any other applicable local, state, and federal laws.

WHEREAS, By declaring a local health emergency, the Health Officer activates the provisions of Section 101085 of the California Health and Safety Code, Section 8659 of the California Government Code, and as otherwise provided for by law; and

WHEREAS, Under Section 101080 of the Health and Safety Code, a local health emergency declared by the Health Officer may remain in effect for up to seven days but it can continue beyond that period if it has been ratified by the Board of Supervisors; and
DECLARATION OF LOCAL HEALTH EMERGENCY REGARDING NOVEL CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19)
March 6, 2020

WHEREAS, the Health Officer believes that the emergency relating to COVID-19 will persist beyond seven days and respectfully requests that the San Francisco Board of Supervisors ratify this local health emergency declaration; and

NOW, THEREFORE, under Section 101080 of the Health and Safety Code the Health Officer declares that a local health emergency exists in the City and County of San Francisco and that the local health emergency shall continue beyond March 13, 2020, if the San Francisco Board of Supervisors ratifies the local health emergency, until the Board of Supervisors proclaims the local health emergency has terminated.

Date: March 6, 2020

Time:

Issued by:

[Signature]

Tomás J. Aragón, MD, DrPH
Health Officer
San Francisco Department of Public Health
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-02
DATE ORDER ISSUED: March 7, 2020

Please read this Order carefully. Violation of or failure to comply with this Order constitutes a misdemeanor punishable by fine, imprisonment, or both. (California Health and Safety Code §§ 120295, et seq.)

UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE SECTIONS 101040, 101085, AND 120175, THE HEALTH OFFICER OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO (“HEALTH OFFICER”) ORDERS:

1. Effective as of the date of this Order, and for the limited two-week duration as specified in Section 7 below, no City-Owned Facility (as defined in Section 4 below) shall permit any Non-Essential Group Event (as defined in Section 5 below) from occurring onsite. Such City-Owned Facilities may otherwise remain open for business during the duration of this Order.

2. This Order is issued on the basis of scientific evidence and best practices as currently known and available to protect vulnerable members of the public from avoidable risk of serious illness or death resulting from exposure to Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). The age, condition, and health of a significant portion of the population of the City and County of San Francisco (the “City”) places them at risk for serious health complications, including death, from COVID-19. Although some individuals who contract COVID-19 do not have severe symptoms, persons with mild symptoms and asymptomatic persons with COVID-19 may place other vulnerable members of the public at risk, especially when attending Non-Essential Group Events. This Order is issued in accordance with, and incorporates by reference, the March 4, 2020 Proclamation of a State of Emergency issued by Governor Gavin Newsom, the February 25, 2020 Proclamation by the Mayor Declaring the Existence of a Local Emergency issued by Mayor London Breed, and the March 6, 2020 Declaration of Local Health Emergency Regarding Novel Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) issued by the Health Officer.

3. This Order focuses on City-Owned Facilities to support the City’s efforts to implement the social distancing recommendations of the Department of Public Health (a copy of which is attached to this Order), to reduce the occasions when groups of people come together for Non-Essential Group Events, and to serve as a model for other owners and operators of facilities where similar events may be held in the City and other affected jurisdictions. This is a preliminary step by the Health Officer to require compliance at certain City-Owned Facilities, following the Health Officer’s issuance of the City-wide advisory on March 6, 2020, which includes a recommendation to cancel or postpone large gatherings and non-essential events. The Health Officer will continue to assess the quickly-evolving situation and may from time to time expand or revise this Order, or issue additional Orders, covering other venues and events.
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-02

4. For purposes of this Order, the term “City-Owned Facility” means only the following buildings that are owned by the City:

   a. City Hall (1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco 94102);
   b. Moscone Center (747 Howard St, San Francisco, CA 94103) and all associated buildings;
   c. Bill Graham Civic Auditorium (99 Grove Street, San Francisco 94102);
   d. New Conservatory Theatre (25 Van Ness Avenue, Basement suite, San Francisco 94102);
   e. War Memorial & Performing Arts Center (Davies Hall, Opera House, and Veterans Building; 201 - 401 Van Ness Avenue, San Francisco 94102);
   f. The Palace of Fine Arts Theatre (3601 Lyon St, San Francisco, CA 94123) (only the main theatre at this time);
   g. The San Francisco Public Library (100 Larkin St, San Francisco, CA 94102);
   h. Pier 27 (The Embarcadero, San Francisco, CA); and
   i. Pier 35 (The Embarcadero, San Francisco, CA).

5. For purposes of this Order, the term “Non-Essential Group Event” means any congregating of 50 or more people for any social, cultural, entertainment, or other special event or other non-essential purpose where people are not separated by physical space of at least four feet (which is slightly longer than an average arm’s length). These events include, without limitation, the following: (a) any theatre space with fixed seating or other setup where chairs are placed adjacent to each other in rows; (b) any space where event attendees stand in close proximity to each other, such as a concert or other performance that includes “standing room only” sections; or (c) an admission or concession line/queue. This Order does not prohibit the usual operation of the identified City-Owned Facilities for the public’s business, including, but not limited to, events for government purposes, such as public meetings of the Board of Supervisors, committees of the Board of Supervisors, and of each City board and commission or advisory body or their respective committees or working groups. But, for such public meetings, the official in charge of operating such City-Owned Facility shall (1) ensure signs are posted advising attendees of the guidance of the Department of Public Health regarding social distancing and (2) ensure that (i) the building has hand washing capabilities, (ii) hand sanitizer and tissues are available during the meeting, and (iii) high-touch surface areas like door handles, countertops, tables, and handrails in the meeting area are frequently cleaned.

6. This Order does not restrict in any way first responder access to any City-Owned Facility during an emergency. Further, this Order does not restrict state or federal officers, investigators, or medical or law enforcement personnel from carrying out their lawful duties at any City-Owned Facility.
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-02

7. This Order shall be effective until 11:59 p.m. on March 20, 2020, or until it is earlier rescinded, superseded, or amended by the Health Officer or by the State Public Health Officer, in writing.

8. Copies of this Order shall promptly be: (1) made available at main entrances at each City-Owned Facility before and during events or posted on-site as appropriate; (2) posted on the City Administrator’s website (sfgsa.org) and the Department of Public Health website (sfdp.org); (3) provided by email and either overnight or personal service with a proof of service to any non-City entity or organization that, by contract or lease, operates in a City-Owned Facility; and (4) provided to any member of the public requesting a copy of this Order.

A MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC SEEKING CLARIFICATION OF ANY PART OF THIS ORDER MAY CONTACT A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CITY FACILITY OR BUILDING REGARDING WHICH THEY HAVE A QUESTION. PLEASE REFER TO THE CITY’S WEBSITE OR THE FACILITY’S WEBSITE FOR CONTACT INFORMATION.

IT IS SO ORDERED:

[Signature]

Tomás J. Aragón, MD, DrPH, Health Officer of the City and County of San Francisco

Date: March 7, 2020
PUBLIC HEALTH RECOMMENDATIONS AS OF MARCH 6, 2020

1) **Vulnerable Populations: Limit Outings**
   - Vulnerable populations include people who are:
     - 60 years old and older.
     - People with certain health conditions such as heart disease, lung disease, diabetes, kidney disease and weakened immune systems.
   - For vulnerable populations, don’t go to gatherings (of about 50 people or more) unless it is essential. If you can telecommute, you should. Avoid people who are sick.

2) **Workplace and Businesses: Minimize Exposure**
   - Suspend nonessential employee travel.
   - Minimize the number of employees working within arm’s length of one another, including minimizing or canceling large in-person meetings and conferences.
   - Urge employees to stay home when they are sick and maximize flexibility in sick leave benefits.
   - Do not require a doctor’s note for employees who are sick.
   - Consider use of telecommuting options.
   - Some people need to be at work to provide essential services of great benefit to the community. They can take steps in their workplace to minimize risk.

3) **Large Gatherings: Cancel Non-essential Events**
   - Recommend cancelling or postponing large gatherings, such as concerts, sporting events, conventions or large community events.
   - Do not attend any events or gatherings if sick.
   - For events that aren’t cancelled, we recommend:
     - Having hand washing capabilities, hand sanitizers and tissues available.
     - Frequently cleaning high touch surface areas like counter tops and hand rails.
     - Finding ways to create physical space to minimize close contact as much as possible.

4) **Schools: Safety First**
   - If there is a confirmed case of COVID-19 at a school, DPH will work with the school and the district to determine the best measures including potential school closure.
   - Do not go to school if sick.
   - If you have a child with chronic health conditions, consult your doctor about school attendance.
   - Equip all schools and classrooms with hand sanitizers and tissues.
   - Recommend rescheduling or cancelling medium to large events that are not essential.
   - Explore remote teaching and online options to continue learning.
   - Schools should develop a plan for citywide school closures, and families should prepare for potential closures.

ATTACHMENT TO HEALTH OFFICER ORDER No. C19-02
5) Transit: Cleaning and Protection
   - Increase cleaning of vehicles and high touch surface areas.
   - Provide hand washing/hand sanitizers and tissues in stations and on vehicles.

6) Health Care Settings: Avoid as possible, protect the vulnerable
   - Long term care facilities must have a COVID-19 plan in accordance with DPH guidelines.
   - Long term care facilities must screen all staff and visitors for illness and turn away those with symptoms.
   - The general public should avoid going to medical settings such as hospitals, nursing homes and long-term care facilities, even if you are not ill.
   - If you are ill, call your health care provider ahead of time, and you may be able to be served by phone.
   - Do not visit emergency rooms unless it is essential.

7) Everyone: Do your part
   The best way for all San Franciscans to reduce their risk of getting sick, as with seasonal colds or the flu, still applies to prevent COVID-19:
   - Wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.
   - Cover your cough or sneeze.
   - Stay home if you are sick.
   - Avoid touching your face.
   - Try alternatives to shaking hands, like an elbow bump or wave.
   - If you have recently returned from a country, state or region with ongoing COVID-19 infections, monitor your health and follow the instructions of public health officials.
   - There is no recommendation to wear masks at this time to prevent yourself from getting sick.

You can also prepare for the possible disruption caused by an outbreak. Preparedness actions include:
   - Prepare to work from home if that is possible for your job, and your employer.
   - Make sure you have a supply of all essential medications for your family.
   - Prepare a child care plan if you or a care giver are sick.
   - Make arrangements about how your family will manage a school closure.
   - Plan for how you can care for a sick family member without getting sick yourself.
   - Take care of each other and check in by phone with friends, family and neighbors that are vulnerable to serious illness or death if they get COVID-19.
   - Keep common spaces clean to help maintain a healthy environment for you and others. Frequently touched surfaces should be cleaned regularly with disinfecting sprays, wipes or common household cleaning products.

Keep up to date at www.sfdph.org, by calling 311, and by signing up for the City’s new alert service for official updates: text COVID19SF to 888-777.
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-03
DATE ORDER ISSUED: March 10, 2020

Please read this Order carefully. Violation of or failure to comply with this Order constitutes a misdemeanor punishable by fine, imprisonment, or both. (California Health and Safety Code §§ 120295, et seq.)

The virus that causes Coronavirus 2019 Disease places residents at long-term care facilities at high risk. Visitors to such facilities may have the virus but may not have symptoms or may have mild symptoms. Such visitors can easily pass the virus on to vulnerable residents. Because of this risk, and the need to protect these vulnerable members of the community, this Order restricts Visitors and Non-Essential Personnel from those facilities for the next six weeks. Accordingly,

UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE SECTIONS 101040, 101085, AND 120175, THE HEALTH OFFICER OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO (THE “HEALTH OFFICER”) ORDERS:

1. Effective as of the date of this order, the staff of each long-term care residential facility listed in Section 14 below (each a “Residential Facility”) shall exclude from entry or access to its Premises any Visitors and Non-Essential Personnel including, but not limited to, visitors of residents at the Residential Facility. Such Visitors and Non-Essential Personnel, including but not limited to family members of residents and authorized decision-makers, are hereby ordered not to visit any Residential Facility except as permitted by this Order. This visitation restriction has a limited exception described in Section 7 below. This restriction is in place for the limited duration listed in Section 11 below.

2. Each Residential Facility must discourage Non-Essential Resident Movement, as defined in Section 10 below, onto and off of Residential Facility Premises where feasible. Whenever a Residential Facility resident leaves the Residential Facility Premises, the resident is ordered to comply with San Francisco Department of Public Health Social Distancing Protocols, a copy of which is attached to this Order. If the Department of Public Health updates its Social Distancing Protocols
by the CDC or CDPH or as otherwise required by law. See the COVID-19 Guidance (discussed in Section 7 below) for more information about the COVID-19 Plan.

5. Each Residential Facility’s COIVD-19 Plan must also include a requirement that any employee or other staff member who is sick or does not pass the required screening must be immediately sent home and not return to work until feeling better or authorized to return by a physician. If a Residential Facility is unable to immediately send home any such employee or staff member, the Residential Facility must (1) prevent that staff member from engaging in any resident care or contact and (2) immediately notify its respective licensing entity and seek guidance from that entity. This Order requires that each Residential Facility “screen all staff and visitors for illness and turn away those with symptoms,” a requirement listed in the San Francisco Department of Public Health Recommendations as of March 6, 2020.

6. If a Residential Facility learns that any facility resident or staff member who had recently been working at the Residential Facility tests positive for COVID-19, the Residential Facility must immediately (within 1 hour) notify the Department of Public Health and meet any other applicable notification requirements.

7. Attached as part of this Order is written guidance to Residential Facilities ("COVID-19 Guidance") issued by the Health Officer. The Health Officer or designee may revise the COVID-19 Guidance in writing from time to time. Each Residential Facility must follow the COVID-19 Guidance when applying this Order.

This Order restricts physical contact between Residential Facility residents and Visitors and Non-Essential Personnel. When Visitors and Non-Essential Personnel seek to visit or contact a resident, there are two ways a Residential Facility may facilitate contact. First, each Residential Facility must make reasonable efforts to facilitate such contact by other means (such as telephone or videoconference) that do not expose the resident to in-person contact. Second, each Residential Facility may authorize Necessary Visitation on a case-by-case basis using the following protocol.
permitted access under this paragraph must comply with all conditions of visitation imposed by the Residential Facility at the time of entry or access to the Residential Facility Premises when feasible.

10. For the purposes of this Order, the following terms have the meanings given below:

a) "Visitors and Non-Essential Personnel" are employees, contractors, or members of the public who do not perform treatment, maintenance, support, or administrative tasks deemed essential to the healthcare mission of the Residential Facility. Refer to the COVID-19 Guidance for more information. This term includes family members and loved ones of residents and those who have legal authority to make healthcare or other legal decisions for a resident. The Ombudsperson is an authorized visitor and is not included in this term, but the Ombudsperson must still follow all conditions of visitation imposed by the Residential Facility and should also try to avoid non-essential visits.

b) "Non-Essential Resident Movement" means travel off or onto Residential Facility Premises by a resident other than for specific treatment or pressing legal purposes as described more fully in the COVID-19 Guidance.

c) "Premises" includes without limitation the buildings, grounds, facilities, driveways, parking areas, and public spaces within the legal boundaries of each Residential Facility listed in Section 14 below.

11. This Order shall be effective until 11:59 p.m. on April 21, 2020, or until it is earlier rescinded, superseded, or amended by the Health Officer or by the State Public Health Officer, in writing. It is possible this Order will be extended for the protection of Residential Facility residents based on conditions at that time.

12. While this Order is in effect, the Residential Facility must provide copies of the Order in all of the following ways: (1) post this Order on the Residential Facility website (if any); (2) post this Order at all entrances to the Residential Facility; (3) provide this Order to each Residential Facility resident; (4) provide this Order to any authorized
## ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-03

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Facility Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>ZIP Code</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St. Anne's Home</td>
<td>300 Lake St</td>
<td>94118</td>
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<tr>
<td>Victorian Post Acute</td>
<td>2121 Pine St</td>
<td>94115</td>
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<tr>
<td>California Pacific Medical Center - Davies Campus Hospital D/P SNF</td>
<td>601 Duboce Ave</td>
<td>94117</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jewish Home &amp; Rehab Center D/P SNF</td>
<td>302 Silver Ave</td>
<td>94112</td>
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<tr>
<td>San Francisco Towers</td>
<td>1661 Pine St</td>
<td>94109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentfield San Francisco Hospital</td>
<td>450 Stanyan St, 6th Floor</td>
<td>94117</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: Laguna Honda Hospital and ZSFG D/P SNF will be covered under a separate order*

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A NURSING FACILITY RESIDENT OR THE RESIDENT'S AUTHORIZED LAWFUL REPRESENTATIVE MAY CONTACT A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE NURSING FACILITY TO SEEK CLARIFICATION OF ANY PART OF THIS ORDER BY CONTACTING THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE FACILITY.

IF A RESIDENT OR THE RESIDENT'S AUTHORIZED LAWFUL REPRESENTATIVE OBJECTS TO THE APPROPRIATENESS OF THE LIMITATION OF ACCESS CONTAINED IN THIS ORDER, THE RESIDENT OR LAWFUL AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE MUST FIRST RAISE THEIR CONCERN WITH THE RESIDENTIAL FACILITY AT ISSUE. THE RESIDENTIAL FACILITY IS ORDERED TO RESPOND TO THE CONCERN WITHIN 2 BUSINESS DAYS.

IF AFTER RECEIVING A RESPONSE FROM THE NURSING FACILITY THE OBJECTION IS NOT RESOLVED, THE RESIDENT OR LAWFUL AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE MAY SUBMIT A WRITTEN OBJECTION FOR CONSIDERATION TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH THROUGH THE FOLLOWING METHOD:

Subject: Objection to Health Officer Order No. C19-03

Via email to: OrderC19-03@sfdph.org

OR

Via facsimile to: 415-759-2374
WRITTEN GUIDANCE REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-03
DATE ORDER ISSUED: March 10, 2020

This information (the “COVID-19 Guidance”) is meant to help each Residential Facility when implementing the Order to which it is attached. This document uses the terms defined in the Order.

1. For purposes of the Order, the term “Administrator” means the administrator of a Residential Facility or the administrator’s designee.

2. Guidance regarding Section 4 (COVID-19 Plan): The Order requires the Residential Facility to create a COVID-19 Plan that addresses issues including: 1) screening of residents, staff, and visitors for signs of COVID-19 or other illness; 2) conditions of visitation imposed by the Residential Facility at the time of entry or access to the Premises for authorized visitors that reduce the risk of infection, such as thorough hand washing, appropriate use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), maintaining at least six feet distance from other people, and limiting the duration of visits, as appropriate; 3) sending sick employees home immediately; 4) notifying DPH and other regulators of any positive COVID-19 result for a resident or staff member, including as required by law; and 5) other CDC or CDPH requirements.

The COVID-19 Plan should also address how the facility can reduce the risk of unnecessary exposure as outlined in the San Francisco Department of Public Health Social Distancing Protocols, a copy of which is attached to the Order. For example, the facility should avoid having large gatherings of residents or staff, instead holding smaller gatherings that still meet the facility’s mission and needs (e.g., substituting unit-based activities for a facility-wide bingo event). Similarly, postponing large staff meetings or having meetings occur by phone can help.

Additionally, there may be areas that warrant limitations that are not normally in place. A Residential Facility may have a cafeteria or other concession that is normally available to residents, essential employees, other employees (such as others who share the building but are not associated with the healthcare mission of the facility), and visitors. During this Order, the
consortium, must be given special consideration, especially if they need to meet in person with the resident to fulfill their role. This distinction is in place because decisions regarding care when there is a surrogate decision maker should not be delayed when in-person contact is needed, whereas visits by other family or loved ones are important but may not be time-sensitive. But such authorized decision-makers should be encouraged to use alternative methods of contacting the resident when possible in order to avoid exposing the resident and others.

Also, Necessary Visitation should not be granted for routine visits by decision makers, family, or loved ones, even if the resident very much looks forward to the visit or the visitor has a strong desire for the visit. Such routine visits put all residents at risk at this time. But if a family member or loved one plays an essential role in providing care to a resident, without which the resident will suffer medical or clinical harm, Necessary Visitation may be appropriate.

There may be other unique situations that justify a Necessary Visitation based on the context. This Order is intended to give the Administrator flexibility in making that determination so long as the decision is in line with the Order and this COVID-19 Guidance. The Administrator should not authorize Necessary Visitation for all or a majority of residents as that would likely reflect a violation of the intent of the Order to protect all residents from the risks of non-essential exposure to COVID-19.

All visits allowed as Necessary Visitation must occur subject to all conditions of visitation imposed by the Residential Facility at the time of entry or access to the Premises.

5. Guidance regarding Section 10 (Unauthorized Visitors and Non-Essential Personnel): The Order defines Unauthorized Visitors and Non-Essential Personnel as employees, contractors, or members of the public who do not perform treatment, maintenance, support, or administrative tasks deemed essential to the healthcare mission of the Residential Facility. This term includes non-resident spouses or partners, family, loved ones, friends, clergy, and colleagues of the resident. This term also includes anyone who is legally authorized to make decisions for the resident, whether by operation
PUBLIC HEALTH RECOMMENDATIONS AS OF MARCH 6, 2020

1) Vulnerable Populations: Limit Outings
   - Vulnerable populations include people who are:
     o 60 years old and older.
     o People with certain health conditions such as heart disease, lung disease, diabetes, kidney disease and weakened immune systems.
   - For vulnerable populations, don’t go to gatherings (of about 50 people or more) unless it is essential. If you can telecommute, you should. Avoid people who are sick.

2) Workplace and Businesses: Minimize Exposure
   - Suspend nonessential employee travel.
   - Minimize the number of employees working within arm’s length of one another, including minimizing or canceling large in-person meetings and conferences.
   - Urge employees to stay home when they are sick and maximize flexibility in sick leave benefits.
   - Do not require a doctor’s note for employees who are sick.
   - Consider use of telecommuting options.
   - Some people need to be at work to provide essential services of great benefit to the community. They can take steps in their workplace to minimize risk.

3) Large Gatherings: Cancel Non-essential Events
   - Recommend cancelling or postponing large gatherings, such as concerts, sporting events, conventions or large community events.
   - Do not attend any events or gatherings if sick.
   - For events that aren’t cancelled, we recommend:
     o Having hand washing capabilities, hand sanitizers and tissues available.
     o Frequently cleaning high touch surface areas like counter tops and hand rails.
     o Finding ways to create physical space to minimize close contact as much as possible.
PUBLIC HEALTH RECOMMENDATIONS AS OF MARCH 6, 2020

- Avoid touching your face.
- Try alternatives to shaking hands, like an elbow bump or wave.
- If you have recently returned from a country, state or region with ongoing COVID-19 infections, monitor your health and follow the instructions of public health officials.
- There is no recommendation to wear masks at this time to prevent yourself from getting sick.

You can also prepare for the possible disruption caused by an outbreak. Preparedness actions include:

- Prepare to work from home if that is possible for your job, and your employer.
- Make sure you have a supply of all essential medications for your family.
- Prepare a child care plan if you or a care giver are sick.
- Make arrangements about how your family will manage a school closure.
- Plan for how you can care for a sick family member without getting sick yourself.
- Take care of each other and check in by phone with friends, family and neighbors that are vulnerable to serious illness or death if they get COVID-19.
- Keep common spaces clean to help maintain a healthy environment for you and others. Frequently touched surfaces should be cleaned regularly with disinfecting sprays, wipes or common household cleaning products.

Keep up to date at www.sfdph.org, by calling 311, and by signing up for the City’s new alert service for official updates: text COVID19SF to 888-777.
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-04
DATE ORDER ISSUED: MARCH 10, 2020

Please read this order carefully. Violation of or failure to comply with this order constitutes a misdemeanor punishable by fine, imprisonment, or both. (Cal. Health & Safety C. §§ 120295 et seq.)

UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE SECTIONS 101040, 101085, AND 120175, THE HEALTH OFFICER OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO ("HEALTH OFFICER") HEREBY ORDERS:

1. Effective as of the date of this Order, and for the limited duration specified in Section 8 below, Owners and/or Operators of each and every Residential Hotel, as those terms are used and defined in San Francisco Administrative Code Chapter 41, must fully and immediately comply with Minimum Environmental Cleaning Standards set forth in Attachment A to this Order. This Order applies only to common areas of Residential Hotels including, but not limited to, shared bathrooms, kitchens, common rooms, lobbies, hallways, and doorways.

2. "Minimum Environmental Cleaning Standards” means minimum standards for sanitation and hygiene procedures as described in the San Francisco Department of Public Health COVID-19 Minimum Environmental Cleaning Standards for Business, School, and SRO Settings (March 9, 2020), a copy of which is attached to this Order as Attachment A and incorporated by reference. A current copy of the Minimum Environmental Cleaning Standards will be available on the San Francisco Department of Public Health website located at:
   https://www.sfdph.org/dph/alerts/coronavirus.asp

3. The Health Officer may amend or update the Minimum Environmental Cleaning Standards from time to time by amending or updating its website. It is the responsibility of every Owner and Operator of a Residential Hotel to conduct daily checks of this website to confirm that no changes or amendments to the Minimum Environmental Cleaning Standards have been made.

4. Residential Hotel Owners and Operators are responsible for maintaining a compliance log containing, at minimum, a description of the date and time of cleaning, areas cleaned, and the initials of the person or persons who conducted the cleaning. Owners and Operators of Residential Hotels must immediately produce the compliance log upon demand from the Health Officer or their designee.

5. Residential Hotel Owners and Operators are responsible for taking reasonable steps to ensure that any employees and/or contractors implementing Minimum Environmental Cleaning Standards are properly trained and equipped to safely conduct cleaning duties in order minimize COVID-19 exposure risk.
6. This Order is based on scientific evidence and best practices currently known and available. This Order is intended to prevent the spread of the virus that causes Coronavirus 2019 Disease ("COVID-19") to and among the residents of Residential Hotels and to protect those residents from avoidable risk of serious illness or death resulting from COVID-19. A high percentage of Residential Hotel residents are sixty years of age or older, experience serious health complications, or both. Recent epidemiologic studies show that many Residential Hotel residents suffer from respiratory, cardiac, immunity, and other serious health complications. Many Residential Hotels contain environmental problems such as mold growth, poor sanitation, broken plumbing, and poor ventilation. Taken together, these factors place many Residential Hotel residents at high risk of experiencing serious health complications from COVID-19, including death. Application of Minimum Environmental Cleaning Standards will decrease the probability of contact with the COVID-19 virus while also improving environmental conditions affecting respiratory health.

7. This Order is issued in accordance with, and incorporates by reference, the March 4, 2020 Proclamation of a State of Emergency issued by Governor Gavin Newsom, the February 25, 2020 Proclamation by the Mayor Declaring the Existence of a Local Emergency issued by Mayor London Breed, and the March 6, 2020 Declaration of Local Health Emergency Regarding Novel Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) issued by the Health Officer.

8. This Order will be effective until 11:59 p.m. on April 21, 2020, or until it is earlier rescinded, superseded, or amended by the Health Officer or by the California Public Health Officer, in writing. This Order may be extended for the protection of Residential Hotel residents based on conditions at that time.

9. Immediately upon receiving this Order and for the duration of the Order’s effectiveness, Residential Hotel Owners and Operators must provide notice of the Order in all of the following ways: (1) post this Order on the Residential Hotel website (if any); (2) post this Order on any common message boards in the Residential Hotel; (3) post this Order at all entrances to the Residential Hotel; and (4) provide this Order to each Residential Hotel resident.

IT IS SO ORDERED:

Tomás Aragón, MD, DrPH,
Health Officer of the
City and County of San Francisco

3/10/2020

The Order Served in Person:

By: ____________________________

(Date Served)

Order Enhancing Sanitation (H&S 101040, 101085, 120175) rev. March 2020
Attachment A
COVID-19 Minimum Environmental Cleaning Standards
For Businesses, Schools, and SRO Settings
March 9, 2020

This guidance provides confirmation of the cleaning and disinfection standards for rooms or common areas of businesses, schools, and SRO settings. It aims to limit the survival of novel coronavirus in key environments. These recommendations are based on what is currently known about the (COVID-19) and will be updated as needed and as additional information becomes available.

Intended audience: These guidelines are focused on community, non-healthcare facilities (e.g., schools, institutions of higher education, offices, daycare centers, businesses, community centers) that do and do not house persons overnight.

Highlights of Public Health Order and Attachment A

The Order applies only to common areas of residential hotels.

1. On a daily basis or more frequently when needed, clean and disinfect surfaces like doorknobs, tables, desks, bathroom and kitchen surfaces, handrails, elevator controls, light switches, and other frequently touched surfaces.
2. Maintain a compliance log for all common areas—a log that records areas cleaned, date, time, and cleaning staffs’ initials.
3. Provide hand sanitizers in all common gathering areas, such as the kitchen, bathroom, computer lounge.
4. Provide soap in a dispenser at all communal sinks.

Always wear disposable gloves when cleaning and use disinfectants according to the manufacturing instructions on the product label!

How does the COVID-19 spread?
The virus spreads from person-to-person through close contact (within about 6 feet).

Can COVID-19 spread by contaminated surfaces?
There is still so much to learn about the virus, but the spreading of the virus from surfaces to people has not been documented yet. Current evidence suggests that the virus may remain infectious for hours to days on surfaces made from a variety of materials.

How can I clean to protect myself and others?
Practice routine cleaning of frequently touched surfaces (for example: tables, doorknobs, light switches, handles, desks, toilets, faucets, sinks) with household cleaners. Clean on a daily basis, increasing frequency if surfaces are found to be dirty during spot-checks performed throughout the day.

Cleaning staff should clean and disinfect all areas (e.g., offices, bathrooms, and common areas) used by the ill persons, focusing especially on frequently touched surfaces.
Is it necessary to use a disinfectant?
If surfaces are dirty, clean them first using a detergent and water and then disinfect them.

Which types of disinfectants will kill the COVID-19?
A list of products suitable for use against COVID-19, prepared by the American Chemistry Council’s Center for Biocide Strategies is attached. It is not complete or exhaustive; any disinfectant which the manufacturer states meet the EPA’s Emerging Viral Pathogens (EVP) requirement can be used. Manufacturer’s statements are most commonly found on the manufacturer’s website or in letters issued by the manufacturer. When no such products are available, a dilute household bleach solution can be made from:
- 5 tablespoons (1/3rd cup) bleach added to one gallon of water or
- 4 teaspoons bleach added to one quart of water

Are there any precautions I should take when using disinfectants?
1. Make sure there is good ventilation during the use of the product when cleaning. Open available windows or doors to the outside.
2. Always use disinfectants according to the label instructions.
3. Use the safety equipment specified on the label.
4. Even if not required by the label wear gloves.
   a. Fresh disposable gloves should be used for cleaning. Gloves should be changed immediately after using disinfectants. Do not attempt to reuse disposable gloves.
   b. Clean the outside of reusable gloves immediately after using disinfectants. You can use your disinfectant to clean the gloves. **Always wash your hands immediately after removing your gloves. If running water is not available use hand sanitizer.**
5. Wear eye protection (goggles or safety glasses) if spraying cleaning chemicals above shoulder height.
6. For concentrated products requiring dilution, do not use more of the product than is specified on the label. Using more product does not improve cleaning, but it may cause problems for the user and room occupants. Make sure there is good ventilation during the use of the product.
7. Do not use alcohol for cleaning, it is a fire hazard.

Are there additional instructions for facilities that house people overnight (including SROs)?
- Follow Interim Guidance for **US Institutions of Higher Education** on working with state and local health officials to isolate ill persons and provide temporary housing as needed.
- It is recommended to close off areas used by the ill persons and wait as long as practical before beginning cleaning and disinfection to minimize potential for exposure to respiratory droplets. Open outside doors and windows to increase air circulation in the area. If possible, wait up to 24 hours before beginning cleaning and disinfection.
- In areas where ill persons are being housed in isolation. This includes focusing on cleaning and disinfecting common areas where staff/others providing services may come into contact with ill persons, but reducing cleaning and disinfection of bedrooms/bathrooms used by ill persons to as needed.
- In areas where ill persons have visited or used, continue routine cleaning and disinfection as in this guidance.

How should surfaces be cleaned and disinfected?
- If surfaces are dirty, they should be cleaned using a detergent or soap and water prior to disinfection.
- For disinfection, see "**Which types of disinfectants will kill the COVID-19?**" above.
- For soft (porous) surfaces such as carpeted floor, rugs, and drapes, remove visible contamination if present and clean with appropriate cleaners indicated for use on these surfaces. After cleaning:
  - If the items can be laundered, launder items in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions using the warmest appropriate water setting for the items and then dry items completely.
  - Otherwise, use products with the EPA-approved emerging viral pathogens claim that are suitable for porous surfaces
How should linens, clothing, and other laundered items be managed?
- Do not shake dirty laundry; this minimize the possibility of dispersing virus through the air.
- Wash items as appropriate in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions. If possible, launder items using the warmest appropriate water setting for the items and dry items completely. Dirty laundry that has been in contact with an ill person can be washed with other people’s items.
- Clean and disinfect hampers or other carts for transporting laundry according to guidance above for hard or soft surfaces.

What are the instructions for handling trash?
- Wear gloves.
- Only handle trash bags by their empty upper sections. Do not hold the trash bag against your body.
- Tie the trash bag off before placing it into the conventional (municipal) waste.

How can cleaning and disinfecting staff protect themselves?
- Cleaning staff should wear disposable gloves for all tasks in the cleaning process, including handling trash. If there is the possibility of body contact with an infected person or contaminated surfaces, gowns or disposable suits should be worn.
- Gloves and protective garments should be removed carefully inside out to avoid contamination of the wearer and the surrounding area. Be sure to clean hands after removing gloves.
- Gloves should be removed after cleaning a room or area occupied by ill persons. Clean hands immediately after gloves are removed.
- Cleaning staff and others should clean hands often, including immediately after removing gloves and after contact with an ill person, by washing hands with soap and water for 20 seconds. If soap and water are not available and hands are not visibly dirty, an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains 60%-95% alcohol may be used. However, if hands are visibly dirty, always wash hands with soap and water.
- Follow normal preventive actions while at work and home, including cleaning hands and avoiding touching eyes, nose, or mouth with unwashed hands.
- Additional key times to clean hands include:
  - After blowing one’s nose, coughing, or sneezing
  - After using the restroom
  - Before eating or preparing food
  - After contact with animals or pets
  - Before and after providing routine care for another person who needs assistance (e.g., a child)

Resources:
Environmental Cleaning and Disinfection Recommendations - Interim Recommendations for US Community Facilities with Suspected/Confirmed Coronavirus (March 6, 2020)

Interim Guidance for Environmental Cleaning and Disinfection for U.S. Households with Suspected or Confirmed Coronavirus Disease 2019.

Interim Guidance for US Institutions of Higher Education
Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) — Fighting Products

The American Chemistry Council’s (ACC) Center for Biocide Chemistries (CBC) has compiled a list of products that have been pre-approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for use against emerging enveloped viral pathogens and can be used during the 2019 novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak. This product list is not exhaustive but can be used by business owners, health professionals, and the public to identify products suitable for use during the COVID-19.

The information in this document is being provided as a public service. All efforts have been made to ensure the information is accurate, but ACC and CBC make no representations or warranties as to the completeness or accuracy of the information. ACC, CBC, and the product manufacturers listed in this document reserve the right to change, delete, or otherwise modify the information without any prior notice. Persons receiving this information must make their own determination as to a product’s suitability prior to use based on the product labeling. ACC and CBC do not guarantee or warrant the standard of any product referenced or imply approval of the product to the exclusion of others that may be available. All products listed are registered for labeled uses in accordance with federal laws and regulations as of the date this document is being made available. State regulations may vary. In no event will ACC or CBC be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon products to which the information refers.

Note: The CBC cannot make a determination of the effectiveness of a product in fighting pathogens like COVID-19. For questions related to the effectiveness of any product not listed below, please contact the manufacturer directly.

For use of the product, please contact the company/distributor to confirm use directions, or consult the EPA approved label at https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-labels/pesticide-product-label-system-pts-more-information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Company/Distributor</th>
<th>EPA REG No.</th>
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SUPER Q
SPRITZ
SELECT ACID FREE
GERM BANDIT TB
PURACLEEN DISINFECTANT SPRAY
PERIMO RTU SURFACE DISINFECT
Quatricide TB
Micro-Kill Bleach Germicidal Bleach Wipes
Micro-Kill Bleach Germicidal Bleach Solution
Medline Micro-Kill R2
Byotrol Disinfectant Cleaner
Byotrol Bathroom Disinfectant Cleaner

SELECT SPECIALTY PRODUCTS
CARE LABS, INC
BROOKMEADE HARDWARE & SUPPLY COMPANY
ENVIROCHEMICAL INC
QBASED SOLUTIONS, INC.
CERTUS MEDICAL INC
Pharmaceutical Research Labs., Inc.
Medline Industries, Inc
Medline Industries, Inc
Medline Industries, Inc
Byotrol, Inc.
Byotrol, Inc.

1839-83-50735
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PROFESSIONAL LYSOL® HEAVY DUTY BATHROOM CLEANER CONCENTRATE

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Clean Quick Broad Range Quaternary Sanitizer

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<tr>
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<td>Brulin &amp; Co., Inc.</td>
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Lemon Cleaner
Pine Cleaner Disinfectant
Extra Spearmint Germicidal Detergent and Deodorant
Sanifect Plus 1
Sanifect Plus 2 Fresh N Clean
Neutral Disinfectant Cleaner
Germicidal Cleaner and Disinfectant
MixMate Non-Acid Restroom Cleaner & Disinfectant
MixMate Microtech Non-Acid Restroom Cleaner & Disinfectant
Array Non-Acid Restroom Cleaner & Disinfectant P
OXY-TEAM™ DISINFECTANT CLEANER
VIREX™ II / 256
Virex Plus
G-5 Sanitizer
Wide Range II Non-Acid Disinfectant Washroom Cleaner Concentrate
Avert Sporicidal Disinfectant Cleaner
United 255 DISINFECT PLUS
Enviro Care Neutral Disinfectant
PURTABS
PUR-ONE
Mint Disinfectant Plus
pH7Q
Quat Stat 5
Triforce
Symplicity Sanibet Multi-Range Sanitizer
Pine Quat
Quaternary Disinfectant Cleaner
TruShot Disinfectant Cleaner For Hospitals
TruShot Disinfectant Cleaner Restroom Cleaner & Disinfectant
Whizzer
Formula 17750 Wintermint
Formula 17822 Deo-Clean Multi
SUPER 60 PYM 64 FOAMER
PC-30F M-KYL 128 FOAMER
Neutra-Tec 64
Micronex
Triton
Q-128® One-Step Germicidal Detergent And Deodorant
Trumix® DC2 Q-128® One-Step Germicidal Detergent And Deodorant
Trumix® DC2 Q-256® One-Step Germicidal Detergent And Deodorant
AQ+ Ultra Disinfectant Sanitizer and Deodorizer
Accel Concentrate
INTERvention Farm Animal Care Disinfectant Cleaner & Deodorizer
Peroxigard Concentrate One-Step Disinfectant Cleaner and Deodorizer for Use in Life Sciences
PREempt Concentrate
Rejuvenate Concentrate One Step Disinfectant Cleaner For Use in Spas, Salons & Clinics
REScue Concentrate One Step Disinfectant Cleaner & Deodorizer
ES364 Neutral Disinfectant
Quato 78 Plus Germicidal Detergent & Deodorant
Broad-Cide Plus

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Gordon Food Service
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Diversey, Inc.
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UNITED LABORATORIES INC
Rochester Midland Corporation
EarthSafe Chemical Alternatives, LLC
EarthSafe Chemical Alternatives, LLC
Gurtler Industries, Inc.
Betco Corporation
Betco Corporation
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Betco Corporation
Betco Corporation
Betco Corporation
Betco Corporation
SC Johnson Professional
SC Johnson Professional
SC Johnson Professional
Mueller Sports Medicine
Chemsafe International
Chemsafe International
Pioneer Chemical Co.
Pioneer Chemical Co.
Suretec, Inc.
Zep
Franklin Cleaning Technology
Franklin Cleaning Technology
Franklin Cleaning Technology
Franklin Cleaning Technology
Virotech, Inc.
Virotech, Inc.
Virotech, Inc.
Virotech, Inc.
Charlotte Products Ltd.
Swish Maintenance Limited
OSCEOLA SUPPLY, INC.

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<td>Sanit-Clth Prime Germicidal Disposable Wipe</td>
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<td>Clorox Healthcare® VersaSure® Wipes</td>
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<td>CaviWipes Bleach</td>
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</table>

As a public service, CBC is maintaining this list of antimicrobials that have proven to be effective against stronger pathogens, such as norovirus or ebola. By publishing and maintaining this open list, CBC relieves federal, state, and local health officials' resources in order to focus on other aspects of the important effort to limit spread of this new disease. Listing is voluntary and compliance with EPA's "emerging viral pathogen" guidance for antimicrobial products is verified by CBC. CBC will be working with federal and state officials to disseminate the list and make it accessible to all those who need to be in the know.

i To include a product on CBC's list of Coronavirus-Fighting Products, registrants of the products should please contact Ms. Komal K. Jain at komal_jain@americanchemistry.com

Updated 3/6/2020
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-05
DATE ORDER ISSUED: March 11, 2020

Please read this Order carefully. Violation of or failure to comply with this Order constitutes a misdemeanor punishable by fine, imprisonment, or both. (California Health and Safety Code §§ 120295, et seq.)

Summary: The virus that causes Coronavirus 2019 Disease is easily transmitted, especially in group settings, and it is essential that the spread of the virus be slowed to protect the ability of public and private health care providers to handle the influx of new patients and safeguard public health and safety. Because of the risk of the rapid spread of the virus, and the need to protect the most vulnerable members of the community, this Order prohibits all indoor public and private gatherings and outdoor gatherings within an enclosed space of 1,000 persons or more anywhere in San Francisco beginning at 1 p.m. on March 11, 2020 and continuing for two weeks through March 25, 2020, subject to the limited exceptions and under the terms and conditions more particularly set forth below. For all other gatherings, the Health Officer strongly recommends following the social distancing protocols attached to this Order, including canceling, rescheduling, or not attending events with more than 250 persons. And organizations that serve high-risk populations should cancel gatherings of more than 10 people.

UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE SECTIONS 101040, 101085, AND 120175, THE HEALTH OFFICER OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO (“HEALTH OFFICER”) ORDERS:

1. Effective as of 1:00 p.m. on Wednesday, March 11, 2020, and continuing until 11:59 p.m. on March 25, 2020, public or private Mass Gatherings (as defined in Section 8 below) are prohibited anywhere in the City and County of San Francisco (the “City”).

2. In addition, the Health Officer strongly recommends that all persons within the City follow the social distancing practices issued by the San Francisco Department of Public Health on March 6, 2020 and updated on March 11, 2020 (the “Social Distancing Recommendations”), a copy of which is attached to this Order and incorporated by this reference, as well as the “Implementation of Mitigation Strategies for Communities with Local COVID-19 Transmission” issued by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (“CDC”) on or around March 11, 2020 (available online at www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/downloads/community-mitigation-strategy.pdf). The Health Officer urges people to not attend non-essential gatherings during the duration of this Order in order to help slow down the spread of the COVID-19 virus. The CDC guidance cited in this paragraph includes recommendations to cancel or avoid large gatherings (those in excess of 250 people) and for organizations that serve high-risk populations to cancel gatherings of more than 10 people. For sake of clarity, large
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-05

non-essential entertainment or social gatherings should be postponed or canceled.

3. This Order is issued based on evidence of increasing occurrence of Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19") within the City and throughout the Bay Area, scientific evidence and best practices regarding the most effective approaches to slow the transmission of communicable diseases generally and COVID-19 specifically, and evidence that the age, condition, and health of a significant portion of the population of the City places them at risk for serious health complications, including death, from COVID-19. Some individuals who contract the COVID-19 virus have no symptoms or have mild symptoms, which means they may not be aware they carry the virus. Because even persons without symptoms can transmit the disease, and because evidence shows the disease is easily spread, large gatherings can result in preventable transmission of the virus. The scientific evidence shows that at this stage of the emergency, it is essential to slow virus transmission as much as possible to protect the most vulnerable and to prevent the health care system from being overwhelmed. One proven way to slow the transmission is to limit mass gatherings in the early stages of the emergency. By reducing the spread of the COVID-19 virus, this Order helps preserve critical and limited healthcare capacity in the City.

4. This Order also is issued in light of the existence of 14 cases of COVID-19 in the City, as well as 99 reported cases and at least one death in the Bay Area, as of 8 a.m. on March 11, 2020, including a significant and increasing number of assumed cases of community transmission and likely further significant increases in transmission. Widespread testing for COVID-19 is not yet available but is expected to increase in the coming days. This moratorium is necessary to slow the rate of spread and will be re-evaluated as further data becomes available.

5. This Order is issued to prevent circumstances often present in Mass Gatherings that are likely to exacerbate the spread of COVID-19. Those circumstances include, without limitation: (a) the increased likelihood that Mass Gatherings will attract people from a broad geographic area; (b) the prolonged time period during which large numbers of people are in close proximity; (c) the difficulty in tracing exposure when large numbers of people attend a single event; and (d) the inability to ensure that attendees follow adequate hygiene and social distancing practices like those described in the attached Social Distancing Recommendations.

6. This Order is issued in accordance with, and incorporates by reference, the March 4, 2020 Proclamation of a State of Emergency issued by Governor Gavin Newsom, the February 25, 2020 Proclamation by the Mayor Declaring the Existence of a Local Emergency issued by Mayor London Breed, and the March 6, 2020 Declaration of Local Health Emergency Regarding Novel Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) issued by the Health Officer, each of them as they may be supplemented.
7. The Health Officer will continue to assess the quickly evolving situation and may, at any time or from time to time, modify or extend this Order, or issue additional orders, related to COVID-19.

8. Definitions:

   a. For purposes of this Order, a “Mass Gathering” is any event or convening, subject to the exceptions and clarifications below, that brings together or is likely to bring together one-thousand (1,000) or more persons at the same time in a single room or other single confined or enclosed space, such as, by way of example and without limitation, an auditorium, theatre, stadium (indoor or outdoor), arena or event center, meeting hall, conference center, large cafeteria, or any other confined indoor or confined outdoor space.

   b. A “Mass Gathering” includes events in confined outdoor spaces, which means an outdoor space that (i) is enclosed by a fence, physical barrier, or other structure and (ii) where people are present and they are within arm’s length of one another for extended periods.

   c. This Order also does not prohibit gatherings of people in multiple, separate enclosed spaces in a single building such as a multiplex movie theater, so long as 1,000 people are not present in any single space as the same time. This Order also does not prohibit use of enclosed spaces where 1,000 or more people may be present at different times during the day, so long as 1,000 or more people are not present in the space at the same time. For any gathering covered by this subsection c., the Health Officer strongly encourages compliance with the attached Social Distancing Recommendations, including providing hand sanitizer and tissues and increasing cleaning of commonly-touched surfaces.

   d. For purposes of clarity, a “Mass Gathering” does not include the following: (i) San Francisco International Airport, which is not located within the City; (ii) public or private schools and places of worship; (iii) museums (so long as visitors are generally not within arm’s length of one another for extended periods); (iv) spaces where 1,000 or more persons may be in transit or waiting for transit such as bus, ferry, or subway stations or terminals (or shopping areas associated with the buildings housing those stations or terminals); (v) office space, hotels, or residential buildings; (vi) grocery stores, shopping malls, or other retail establishments where large numbers of people are present but it is unusual for them to be within arm’s length of one another for extended periods; and (vii) hospitals and medical facilities. In all such settings, the Health Officer recommends following the attached Social Distancing Recommendations, and harm reduction measures such as hand sanitizer and tissues should be provided when possible. However, except for
spaces covered by clause (iv) above, any specific large gathering space that is part of any building included in this subparagraph d. is subject to the prohibition on Mass Gatherings if the space holds 1,000 or more people. A "Mass Gathering" also includes events held in a cruise ship while that ship is docked at any City port.

9. This Order shall be effective until 11:59 p.m. on March 25, 2020, or until it is earlier rescinded, superseded, or amended by the Health Officer or by the State Public Health Officer, in writing.

10. Pursuant to Sections 26602 and 41601 of the California Government Code and Section 101029 of the California Health and Safety Code, the Health Officer requests that the Sheriff and the Chief of Police in the City ensure compliance with and enforce this Order.

11. The City must promptly provide copies of this Order as follows: (1) by posting on the City Administrator's website (sfgsa.org) and the Department of Public Health website (sfph.org); (2) by posting at City Hall, located at 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Pl., San Francisco, CA 94102; (3) by providing to any member of the public requesting a copy; and (4) by serving via email on large facilities in the City that are likely to be subject to this Order (but service by email is not required for compliance). In addition, the owner, manager, or operator of any facility that is likely to be impacted by this Order is strongly encouraged to post a copy of this Order onsite and to provide a copy to any member of the public asking for a copy. Finally, the owner, manager, or operator of any facility that is subject to this Order or that receives a copy from the City is ordered to check the City Administrator’s website (sfgsa.org) on a daily basis in order to look for updates to this Order and is required to comply with any updates until this Order is terminated.

12. If any subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Order or any application of it to any person, structure, gathering, or circumstance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, then such decision will not affect the validity of the remaining portions or applications of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED:

[Signature]

Tomás J. Aragón, MD, DrPH, Date: March 11, 2020
Health Officer of the
City and County of San Francisco
PUBLIC HEALTH RECOMMENDATIONS AS OF MARCH 11, 2020 (revised)

1) Vulnerable Populations: Limit Outings
   - Vulnerable populations include people who are:
     ○ 60 years old and older.
     ○ People with certain health conditions such as heart disease, lung disease, diabetes, kidney disease and weakened immune systems.
     ○ People who are pregnant or were pregnant in the last two weeks.
   - For vulnerable populations, don’t go to gatherings (of 10 people or more) unless it is essential. If you can telecommute, you should. Avoid people who are sick.

2) Workplace and Businesses: Minimize Exposure
   - Suspend nonessential employee travel.
   - Minimize the number of employees working within arm’s length of one another, including minimizing or canceling large in-person meetings and conferences.
   - Urge employees to stay home when they are sick and maximize flexibility in sick leave benefits.
   - Do not require a doctor’s note for employees who are sick.
   - Consider use of telecommuting options.
   - Some people need to be at work to provide essential services of great benefit to the community. They can take steps in their workplace to minimize risk.

3) Large Gatherings: Cancel Non-essential Events
   - Recommend cancelling or postponing large gatherings, such as concerts, sporting events, conventions or large community events.
   - Do not attend any events or gatherings if sick.
   - For events that aren’t cancelled, we recommend:
     ○ Having hand washing capabilities, hand sanitizers and tissues available.
     ○ Frequently cleaning high touch surface areas like counter tops and hand rails.
     ○ Finding ways to create physical space to minimize close contact as much as possible.

4) Schools: Safety First
   - If there is a confirmed case of COVID-19 at a school, DPH will work with the school and the district to determine the best measures including potential school closure.
   - Do not go to school if sick.
   - If you have a child with chronic health conditions, consult your doctor about school attendance.
   - Equip all schools and classrooms with hand sanitizers and tissues.
   - Recommend rescheduling or cancelling medium to large events that are not essential.
   - Explore remote teaching and online options to continue learning.
   - Schools should develop a plan for citywide school closures, and families should prepare for potential closures.
PUBLIC HEALTH RECOMMENDATIONS AS OF MARCH 11, 2020 (revised)

5) Transit: Cleaning and Protection
   • Increase cleaning of vehicles and high touch surface areas.
   • Provide hand washing/hand sanitizers and tissues in stations and on vehicles.

6) Health Care Settings: Avoid as possible, protect the vulnerable
   • Long term care facilities must have a COVID-19 plan in accordance with DPH guidelines.
   • Long term care facilities must screen all staff and visitors for illness and turn away those with symptoms.
   • The general public should avoid going to medical settings such as hospitals, nursing homes and long-term care facilities, even if you are not ill.
   • If you are ill, call your health care provider ahead of time, and you may be able to be served by phone.
   • Do not visit emergency rooms unless it is essential.
   • Visitors should not go to long-term care facilities unless absolutely essential.

7) Everyone: Do your part

   The best way for all San Franciscans to reduce their risk of getting sick, as with seasonal colds or the flu, still applies to prevent COVID-19:
   • Wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.
   • Cover your cough or sneeze.
   • Stay home if you are sick.
   • Avoid touching your face.
   • Try alternatives to shaking hands, like an elbow bump or wave.
   • If you have recently returned from a country, state or region with ongoing COVID-19 infections, monitor your health and follow the instructions of public health officials.
   • There is no recommendation to wear masks at this time to prevent yourself from getting sick.

You can also prepare for the possible disruption caused by an outbreak. Preparedness actions include:
• Prepare to work from home if that is possible for your job, and your employer.
• Make sure you have a supply of all essential medications for your family.
• Prepare a child care plan if you or a care giver are sick.
• Make arrangements about how your family will manage a school closure.
• Plan for how you can care for a sick family member without getting sick yourself.
• Take care of each other and check in by phone with friends, family and neighbors that are vulnerable to serious illness or death if they get COVID-19.
• Keep common spaces clean to help maintain a healthy environment for you and others. Frequently touched surfaces should be cleaned regularly with disinfecting sprays, wipes or common household cleaning products.

Keep up to date at www.sfdph.org, by calling 311, and by signing up for the City’s new alert service for official updates: text COVID19SF to 888-777. Also see the “Implementation of Mitigation Strategies for Communities with Local COVID-19 Transmission” issued by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (“CDC”) on or around March 11, 2020 (available online at www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/downloads/community-mitigation-strategy.pdf).

ATTACHMENT TO ORDER C19-05
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-05b (revised)

DATE ORDER ISSUED: March 13, 2020
(Original Order was dated March 11, 2020)

Please read this Order carefully. Violation of or failure to comply with this Order constitutes a misdemeanor punishable by fine, imprisonment, or both. (California Health and Safety Code §§ 120295, et seq.)

Summary: The virus that causes Coronavirus 2019 Disease ("COVID-19") is easily transmitted, especially in group settings, and it is essential that the spread of the virus be slowed to protect the ability of public and private health care providers to handle the influx of new patients and safeguard public health and safety. Because of the risk of the rapid spread of the virus, and the need to protect all members of the community, especially including the most vulnerable and health care providers, this Order prohibits all indoor public and private gatherings and outdoor gatherings within an enclosed space that has a maximum occupant load of 100 people or more anywhere in San Francisco beginning at 5 p.m. on March 13, 2020 and continuing for seven weeks through April 30, 2020, subject to the limited exceptions and under the terms and conditions more particularly set forth below. For all other gatherings, and for the entire duration of this Order, the Health Officer strongly recommends following the social distancing protocols attached to this Order, including: (i) canceling, rescheduling, or not attending non-essential events; (ii) avoiding social gatherings under 100 people where social distancing of six feet is not possible; (iii) for people with medical conditions, regardless of age, that put them at higher risk of serious complications should they get COVID-19, avoiding gatherings of more than 10 people when possible; and (iv) for employers in San Francisco that do not provide essential public services, taking all steps necessary for employees to work remotely from home to the extent possible. These recommendations are based on the California Department of Public Health and United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines issued March 11, 2020. The Health Officer may revise this Order as the situation evolves, and facilities must stay updated by checking the City Administrator’s website (sfgsa.org) regularly.

UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE SECTIONS 101040, 101085, AND 120175, THE HEALTH OFFICER OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO ("HEALTH OFFICER") ORDERS:

1. This Order revokes and replaces Order Number C19-05, originally issued March 11, 2020. That order is no longer in effect as of the effective date and time of this Order.

2. Effective as of 5:00 p.m. on Friday, March 13, 2020, and continuing until 11:59 p.m. on Thursday, April 30, 2020, public or private Mass Gatherings (as defined in Section 13 below) are prohibited anywhere in the City and County of San Francisco (the "City") for the reasons listed below.
3. As an additional protection for the health of all members of the public, the Health Officer strongly recommends that all people within the City follow the social distancing practices issued by the San Francisco Department of Public Health on March 6, 2020 and updated on March 13, 2020 (the "Social Distancing Recommendations"), a copy of which is attached to this Order and incorporated by this reference, as well as the guidance regarding gatherings issued by the California Department of Public Health ("CDPH") on March 11, 2020 (available online at https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/CDPH%20Document%20Library/Gathering_Guidance_03.11.20.pdf) and the "Implementation of Mitigation Strategies for Communities with Local COVID-19 Transmission" issued by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC") on or around March 11, 2020 (available online at https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/downloads/community-mitigation-strategy.pdf), including as these items are updated in the future.

4. Every person in the City is responsible to help slow the spread of COVID-19. The best way to do that is to avoid gatherings of any size where sufficient social distancing is not possible. Accordingly, in addition to the strict prohibition on Mass Gatherings, the Health Officer strongly recommends that gatherings under 100 people not occur for the duration of this Order if social distancing of six feet per person is not possible. For sake of clarity, while not a requirement subject to fine or imprisonment under this Order, the Health Officer strongly recommends that large entertainment or social gatherings below 100 people be postponed or canceled.

5. The CDPH and CDC guidance cited in Section 3 above also includes recommendations for employers, and the Health Officer strongly recommends that employers comply with those guidelines. For sake of clarity, while not a requirement subject to fine or imprisonment under this Order, the Health Officer strongly recommends that employers that do not provide essential public services take all steps necessary for employees to work remotely from home to the extent possible.

6. Both CDPH and CDC guidelines now recommend that gatherings of people at higher-risk for severe illness from COVID-19 should be limited to no more than 10 people. This Order does not prohibit gatherings of more than 10 people for high-risk people because individual organizations and service providers that work with these groups are best able to determine when gatherings may need to occur. But the Health Officer, again without creating a requirement subject to fine or imprisonment under this Order, strongly encourages individuals and organizations/facilities not to permit or attend gatherings of more than 10 people that include high-risk individuals unless such gatherings are deemed necessary. As of the date of this Order, the categories of underlying medical conditions that put people at higher risk of serious COVID-19 illness per CDC guidance includes the following, regardless of age, and this Order automatically adopts any revisions
made by the CDC in the future:

- Blood disorders (e.g., sickle cell disease or on blood thinners).
- Chronic kidney disease as defined by the person's doctor. This includes a patient who has been told to avoid or reduce the dose of medications because of kidney disease, or is under treatment for kidney disease, including receiving dialysis.
- Chronic liver disease as defined by the person's doctor (e.g., cirrhosis, chronic hepatitis). This includes when the person has been told to avoid or reduce the dose of medications because of liver disease or is under treatment for liver disease.
- Compromised immune system (immunosuppression) (e.g., seeing a doctor for cancer and treatment such as chemotherapy or radiation, received an organ or bone marrow transplant, taking high doses of corticosteroids or other immunosuppressant medications, or has HIV or AIDS).
- Current pregnancy or recent pregnancy in the last two weeks.
- Endocrine disorders (e.g., diabetes mellitus).
- Metabolic disorders (such as inherited metabolic disorders and mitochondrial disorders).
- Heart disease (such as congenital heart disease, congestive heart failure and coronary artery disease).
- Lung disease including asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (chronic bronchitis or emphysema) or other chronic conditions associated with impaired lung function or that require home oxygen.
- Neurological and neurologic and neurodevelopment conditions, including disorders of the brain, spinal cord, peripheral nerve, and muscle such as cerebral palsy, epilepsy (seizure disorders), stroke, intellectual disability, moderate to severe developmental delay, muscular dystrophy, or spinal cord injury.

7. This Order is issued based on evidence of increasing occurrence of COVID-19 within the City and throughout the Bay Area, scientific evidence and best practices regarding the most effective approaches to slow the transmission of communicable diseases generally and COVID-19 specifically, and evidence that the age, condition, and health of a significant portion of the population of the City places them at risk for serious health complications, including death, from COVID-19. Due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 virus in the general public, which is now a pandemic according to the World Health Organization, there is a public health emergency throughout the City. Making the problem worse, some individuals who contract the COVID-19 virus have no symptoms or have mild symptoms, which means they may not be aware they carry the virus. Because even people without symptoms can transmit the disease, and because evidence shows the disease is easily spread, large gatherings can result in preventable transmission of the virus. The scientific evidence shows that at this stage of the emergency, it is essential to slow virus
transmission as much as possible to protect the most vulnerable and to prevent the health care system from being overwhelmed. One proven way to slow the transmission is to limit mass gatherings in the early stages of the emergency. By reducing the spread of the COVID-19 virus, this Order helps preserve critical and limited healthcare capacity in the City.

8. This Order also is issued in light of the existence of 21 cases of COVID-19 in the City, as well as at least 117 reported cases and at least one death in the Bay Area, as of 10:00 a.m. on March 13, 2020, including a significant and increasing number of assumed cases of community transmission and likely further significant increases in transmission. Widespread testing for COVID-19 is not yet available but is expected to increase in the coming days. This Order is necessary to slow the rate of spread and the Health Officer will re-evaluate it as further data becomes available.

9. This Order is issued to prevent circumstances often present in Mass Gatherings that are likely to exacerbate the spread of COVID-19. Those circumstances include, without limitation: (a) the increased likelihood that Mass Gatherings will attract people from a broad geographic area; (b) the prolonged time period during which large numbers of people are in close proximity; (c) the difficulty in tracing exposure when large numbers of people attend a single event; (d) the inability to ensure that attendees follow adequate hygienic and social distancing practices like those described in the attached Social Distancing Recommendations; and (e) the possibility that a person with the virus may be in attendance.

10. This Order is issued in accordance with, and incorporates by reference, the March 4, 2020 Proclamation of a State of Emergency issued by Governor Gavin Newsom, the February 25, 2020 Proclamation by the Mayor Declaring the Existence of a Local Emergency issued by Mayor London Breed, as supplemented on March 11, 2020, the March 6, 2020 Declaration of Local Health Emergency Regarding Novel Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) issued by the Health Officer, and the CDPH guidance referred to in Section 3 above, as each of them have been and may be supplemented.

11. This Order is also issued in accordance with, and incorporates by reference the March 12, 2020 Executive Order (Executive Order N-25-20) issued by Governor Gavin Newsom. Executive Order N-25-20 expressly orders that “[a]ll residents are to heed any orders and guidance of state and local public health officials, including but not limited to the imposition of social distancing measures, to control the spread of COVID-19.”

12. The Health Officer will continue to assess the quickly evolving situation and may, at any time or from time to time, modify or extend this Order, or issue additional orders, related to COVID-19.
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-05b

13. Covered Mass Gatherings:

a. For purposes of this Order, a "Mass Gathering" is any event, convening, or collection of people, subject to the exceptions and clarifications below, in any space with a maximum occupant load of 100 people or more. These spaces include, by way of example and without limitation, an auditorium, theater, stadium (indoor or outdoor), arena or event center, meeting hall, conference center, large cafeteria, or any other confined indoor or confined outdoor space as further described in subparagraph b.

b. For the sake of clarity, a Mass Gathering includes events in confined outdoor spaces where 100 or more people are together at the same time. For purposes of this Order, a confined outdoor space is an outdoor space that (i) is enclosed by a fence, physical barrier, or other structure and (ii) where people are present and they are within arm’s length of one another for extended periods.

c. This Order does not prohibit gatherings of people within an office building or other structure that has multiple, separate enclosed spaces so long as no room or space having a maximum occupant load of 100 people or more is being used for gatherings. For any gathering covered by this subparagraph c, the Health Officer strongly encourages compliance with the attached Social Distancing Recommendations, including providing hand sanitizer and tissues and increasing cleaning of commonly-touched surfaces. But Theaters, as provided in subparagraph g below, have special rules.

d. A Mass Gathering also does not include gatherings that occur in the following venues unless otherwise prohibited by this Order: (i) San Francisco International Airport, which is not located within the City; (ii) public or private schools; (iii) museums (so long as visitors are generally are not within arm’s length of one another for extended periods); (iv) spaces where 100 or more people may be in transit or waiting for transit such as bus, ferry, or subway stations or terminals; (v) office space, hotels, or residential buildings (subject to subparagraph c above); (vi) grocery stores, shopping malls, or other retail establishments where large numbers of people are present but it is unusual for them to be within arm’s length of one another for extended periods; (vii) hospitals and medical facilities; and (viii) places of worship; and (ix) facilities that provide food and other necessities of life for economically disadvantaged individuals and shelter facilities (which will be addressed separately by the Health Officer and the Department of Public Health). In all such settings listed in this subparagraph d, the Health Officer recommends following the attached Social Distancing Recommendations, and harm reduction measures such as hand sanitizer and tissues should be provided when possible. Except for spaces covered by clauses (iv), (viii), and
(ix) above, any specific large gathering space that is part of any building included in this subparagraph d is subject to the prohibition on Mass Gatherings if the space has a maximum occupant load of 100 or more people. For any place of worship included in clause (viii) above, any gathering for a religious service that occurs in a room that has a maximum occupant load of 100 or more people is limited to a total attendance of 100 people. A Mass Gathering also includes events held in a cruise ship while that ship is docked at any City port.

e. For purposes of clarity, a Mass Gathering includes any gathering or collection of people in a restaurant, cafe, bar, night club, or other social gathering space within any building where the space or venue has a maximum occupant load of 100 or more people. For clarity, restaurants or other establishments that have a maximum occupant load of 100 or more people may still sell or provide food on a pick-up or takeout basis so long as patrons are not eating on-premises.

f. Solely for restaurants and cafes that have a maximum occupant load between 100 and 500 people, each such facility that wishes to operate during the effect of this Order may do so by operating at 50 percent of their maximum occupant load up to a maximum of 100 patrons, for the duration of this Order. For example, if a room had a maximum occupant load of 150, under this Order it would be permitted to have a gathering of up to 75 people, and if a room had a maximum occupant load of 350, under this Order it would be permitted to have a gathering of up to 100 people.

g. Theaters (as defined below) pose a special risk of allowing COVID-19 transmission because large numbers of people are in close quarters, sit together in one space for long periods of time, and have frequent turn-over. This results in many avenues for transmission of the COVID-19 virus during each seating and between seatings. For purposes of this Order, a "Theater" is any enclosed space that has seats, whether fixed or movable, and a stage or screen, such as a movie theater or a theater for live performances (each a "Theater"). For each Theater, the Theater may not be used for any gathering if the room has a maximum occupant load of 100 or more people. For any other Theater to operate, the owner, manager, or operator of the Theater must (i) clean all hard surfaces in the Theater, such as chair armrests, door handles, and accessible seat surfaces with a disinfectant between each performance or seating, (ii) provide hand sanitizer at entrances, (iii) have hand washing facilities available in restrooms or other locations on site, and (iv) comply with a written social distance plan that each Theater develops that ensures at least six feet is maintained between people (such as skipping rows or putting empty seats between every attendee). For the sake of clarity, each Theater, whether it is a single room or within a
multiplex that contains multiple Theaters, must comply with this subparagraph g.

h. This Order applies to public meetings of policy bodies for the purposes of conducting the government's business, such as meetings of the Board of Supervisors, committees of the Board of Supervisors, City commissions and other policy bodies. Meetings of City policy bodies are subject to compliance with the Mayor’s Emergency Declarations and Governor’s Emergency Declarations described in Sections 10 and 11 above. But for meetings of policy bodies in government owned buildings, such as City Hall, up to 100 people may be in a room at any one time even if the maximum capacity of that room allows for more than 100 people. This subparagraph h supersedes the Health Officer’s order dated March 7, 2020 to the extent it allowed City policy bodies to continue to meet as normal. The Health Officer strongly recommends that the City and other government agencies that meet in the City cancel all policy body meetings during the effect of this Order if those meetings are not necessary to make decisions essential to the continuity of governmental operations and services and the promotion of the health, safety, and welfare of the public. For City policy body meetings in rooms, the people responsible for the meeting shall ensure that: (i) the building has hand washing capabilities, (ii) hand sanitizer and tissues are available during the meeting, (iii) high-touch surface areas like door handles, countertops, tables, and handrails in the meeting area are frequently cleaned, and (iv) attendees comply with a social distance plan that ensures at least six feet is maintained between people.

i. For purposes of this Order, rooms with a maximum occupant load of 100 or more people in facilities owned or operated by (i) the California State Government, (ii) any state or federal courts, or (iii) the United States Government, may be used for official purposes, but not for social or entertainment purposes. When used for official purposes, the Health Officer strongly recommends compliance with the Social Distancing Recommendations.

14. This Order shall be effective until 11:59 p.m. on April 30, 2020, or until it is earlier rescinded, superseded, or amended by the Health Officer or by the State Public Health Officer, in writing.

15. Pursuant to Sections 26602 and 41601 of the California Government Code and Section 101029 of the California Health and Safety Code, the Health Officer requests that the Sheriff and the Chief of Police in the City ensure compliance with and enforce this Order.
ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER No. C19-05b

16. The City must promptly provide copies of this Order as follows: (1) by posting on the City Administrator’s website (sfgsa.org) and the Department of Public Health website (sfdph.org); (2) by posting at City Hall, located at 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Pl., San Francisco, CA 94102; and (3) by providing to any member of the public requesting a copy. In addition, the owner, manager, or operator of any facility that is likely to be impacted by this Order is strongly encouraged to post a copy of this Order onsite and to provide a copy to any member of the public asking for a copy. Because serving copies of this Order on every entity may not be feasible, the owner, manager, or operator of any facility that is subject to this Order or that becomes aware of or receives a copy of the Order in any manner is ordered to check the City Administrator’s website (sfgsa.org) on a regular basis in order to look for updates to this Order and is required to comply with any updates until this Order is terminated.

17. If any subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Order or any application of it to any person, structure, gathering, or circumstance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, then such decision will not affect the validity of the remaining portions or applications of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED:

[Signature]

Tomás J. Aragón, MD, DrPH,
Health Officer of the
City and County of San Francisco

Date: March 13, 2020
PUBLIC HEALTH SOCIAL DISTANCING RECOMMENDATIONS
AS OF MARCH 13, 2020 (revised)

NOTE that any order of the San Francisco Health Officer controls over these recommendations.

1) Vulnerable Populations: Limit Outings
   - Vulnerable populations include people who are:
     - 60 years old and older.
     - People with certain health conditions such as heart disease, lung disease, diabetes, kidney disease and weakened immune systems.
     - People who are pregnant or were pregnant in the last two weeks.
   - For vulnerable populations, don’t go to gatherings (of 10 people or more) unless it is essential. If you can telecommute, you should. Avoid people who are sick.

2) Workplace and Businesses: Minimize Exposure
   - Suspend nonessential employee travel.
   - Minimize the number of employees working within arm’s length of one another, including minimizing or canceling large in-person meetings and conferences.
   - Urge employees to stay home when they are sick and maximize flexibility in sick leave benefits.
   - Do not require a doctor’s note for employees who are sick.
   - Consider use of telecommuting options and implement whenever possible.
   - Some people need to be at work to provide essential services of great benefit to the community. They and their employers should take steps in their workplace to minimize risk.

3) Gatherings: Cancel Events
   - Cancel large gatherings of 100 people or more, such as concerts, sporting events, conventions or large community events.
   - Smaller gatherings held in venues that do not allow social distancing of six feet per person should be postponed or canceled. This includes gatherings in crowded auditoriums, rooms or other venues.
   - Do not attend any events or gatherings if sick.
   - For events that aren’t cancelled, we recommend:
     - Having hand washing capabilities, hand sanitizers and tissues available.
     - Frequently cleaning high touch surface areas like counter tops and hand rails.
     - Finding ways to create physical space to minimize close contact as much as possible.

4) Schools: Safety First
   - If there is a confirmed case of COVID-19 at a school, DPH will work with the school to determine the best measures including potential school closure.
   - Do not go to school if sick.
   - If you have a child with chronic health conditions, consult your doctor about school attendance.
   - Equip all schools and classrooms with hand sanitizers and tissues.
   - Recommend rescheduling or cancelling medium to large events that are not essential.
   - Explore remote teaching and online options to continue learning.
   - Schools should develop a plan for citywide school closures, and families should prepare for
5) **Transit: Cleaning and Protection**
   - Increase cleaning of vehicles and high touch surface areas.
   - Provide hand washing/hand sanitizers and tissues in stations and on vehicles.

6) **Health Care Settings: Avoid as possible, protect the vulnerable**
   - Long term care facilities must have a COVID-19 plan in accordance with DPH guidelines.
   - Long term care facilities must screen all staff and visitors for illness and turn away those with symptoms.
   - Some facilities, including skilled nursing facilities, have been ordered not to permit visitors during this emergency subject to certain exceptions.
   - The general public should avoid going to medical settings such as hospitals, nursing homes and long-term care facilities, even if you are not ill.
   - If you are ill, call your health care provider ahead of time, and you may be able to be served by phone.
   - Do not visit emergency rooms unless it is essential.

7) **Everyone: Be responsible and do your part**

   The best way for all San Franciscans to reduce their risk of getting sick, as with seasonal colds or the flu, still applies to prevent COVID-19:
   - Wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.
   - Cover your cough or sneeze.
   - Stay home if you are sick.
   - Avoid touching your face.
   - Try alternatives to shaking hands, like an elbow bump or wave.
   - If you have recently returned from a country, state or region with ongoing COVID-19 infections, monitor your health and follow the instructions of public health officials.
   - There is no recommendation to wear masks at this time to prevent yourself from getting sick.

You can also prepare for the possible disruption caused by an outbreak. Preparedness actions include:
   - Prepare to work from home if that is possible for your job, and your employer.
   - Make sure you have a supply of all essential medications for your family.
   - Prepare a child care plan if you or a care giver are sick.
   - Make arrangements about how your family will manage a school closure.
   - Plan for how you can care for a sick family member without getting sick yourself.
   - Take care of each other and check in by phone with friends, family and neighbors that are vulnerable to serious illness or death if they get COVID-19.
   - Keep common spaces clean to help maintain a healthy environment for you and others. Frequently touched surfaces should be cleaned regularly with disinfecting sprays, wipes or common household cleaning products.

Keep up to date at [www.sfdph.org](http://www.sfdph.org), by calling 311, and by signing up for the City’s new alert service for official updates: text COVID19SF to 888-777. Also see the “Implementation of Mitigation Strategies for Communities with Local COVID-19 Transmission” issued by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (“CDC”) on or around March 11, 2020 (available online at [www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/downloads/community-mitigation-strategy.pdf](http://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/downloads/community-mitigation-strategy.pdf)).

**ATTACHMENT TO HEALTH OFFICER ORDER NO. C19-05b**

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